



General Assembly

Substitute Bill No. 1052

January Session, 2005

* SB01052JUD__041505__ *

AN ACT CONCERNING MEDICAL MALPRACTICE.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

1 Section 1. Section 52-190a of the general statutes is repealed and the
2 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2005, and*
3 *applicable to actions filed on or after said date*):

4 (a) No civil action or apportionment complaint shall be filed to
5 recover damages resulting from personal injury or wrongful death
6 occurring on or after October 1, 1987, whether in tort or in contract, in
7 which it is alleged that such injury or death resulted from the
8 negligence of a health care provider, unless the attorney or party filing
9 the action or apportionment complaint has made a reasonable inquiry
10 as permitted by the circumstances to determine that there are grounds
11 for a good faith belief that there has been negligence in the care or
12 treatment of the claimant. The complaint, [or] initial pleading or
13 apportionment complaint shall contain a certificate of the attorney or
14 party filing the action or apportionment complaint that such
15 reasonable inquiry gave rise to a good faith belief that grounds exist
16 for an action against each named defendant or for an apportionment
17 complaint against each named apportionment defendant. [For the
18 purposes of this section, such good faith may be shown to exist if the
19 claimant or his attorney has received a written opinion, which shall not
20 be subject to discovery by any party except for questioning the validity

21 of the certificate,] To show the existence of such good faith, the
22 claimant or the claimant's attorney, and any apportionment
23 complainant or the apportionment complainant's attorney, shall obtain
24 a written and signed opinion of a similar health care provider, as
25 defined in section 52-184c, which similar health care provider shall be
26 selected pursuant to the provisions of said section, that there appears
27 to be evidence of medical negligence and includes a detailed basis for
28 the formation of such opinion. Such written opinion shall not be
29 subject to discovery by any party except for questioning the validity of
30 the certificate. The claimant or the claimant's attorney, and any
31 apportionment complainant or apportionment complainant's attorney,
32 shall retain the original written opinion and shall attach a copy of such
33 written opinion, with the name and signature of the similar health care
34 provider expunged, to such certificate. The similar health care
35 provider who provides such written opinion shall not, without a
36 showing of malice, be personally liable for any damages to the
37 defendant health care provider by reason of having provided such
38 written opinion. In addition to such written opinion, the court may
39 consider other factors with regard to the existence of good faith. If the
40 court determines, after the completion of discovery, that such
41 certificate was not made in good faith and that no justiciable issue was
42 presented against a health care provider that fully cooperated in
43 providing informal discovery, the court upon motion or upon its own
44 initiative shall impose upon the person who signed such certificate or a
45 represented party, or both, an appropriate sanction which may include
46 an order to pay to the other party or parties the amount of the
47 reasonable expenses incurred because of the filing of the pleading,
48 motion or other paper, including a reasonable attorney's fee. The court
49 may also submit the matter to the appropriate authority for
50 disciplinary review of the attorney if the claimant's attorney or the
51 apportionment complainant's attorney submitted the certificate.

52 (b) Upon petition to the clerk of the court where the action will be
53 filed, an automatic ninety-day extension of the statute of limitations
54 shall be granted to allow the reasonable inquiry required by subsection

55 (a) of this section. This period shall be in addition to other tolling
56 periods.

57 (c) The failure to obtain and file the written opinion required by
58 subsection (a) of this section shall be grounds for the dismissal of the
59 action.

60 Sec. 2. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2005, and applicable to actions*
61 *accruing on or after said date*) (a) For the purposes of this section:

62 (1) "Licensed health care provider" means any health care institution
63 licensed pursuant to the provisions of chapter 368v of the general
64 statutes or any individual provider of health care licensed pursuant to
65 the provisions of chapters 370 to 373, inclusive, 375 to 383c, inclusive,
66 or chapter 400j of the general statutes;

67 (2) "Health care services" means acts of diagnosis, treatment,
68 medical evaluation or advice or such other acts as may be permissible
69 under the health care licensing statutes of this state.

70 (b) In any action to recover damages resulting from personal injury
71 or wrongful death, whether in tort or contract, in which it is alleged
72 that such injury or death resulted from the professional negligence of a
73 licensed health care provider in the provision of health care services,
74 such provider may introduce evidence of the amount of damages
75 awarded to the plaintiff for such injury or death by the trier of fact in a
76 separate action by such plaintiff against a different health care
77 provider.

78 Sec. 3. Section 52-192a of the general statutes is repealed and the
79 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2005, and*
80 *applicable to actions accruing on or after said date*):

81 (a) After commencement of any civil action based upon contract or
82 seeking the recovery of money damages, whether or not other relief is
83 sought, the plaintiff may, not earlier than one hundred eighty days
84 after service of process is made upon the defendant in such action but

85 not later than thirty days before trial, file with the clerk of the court a
86 written ["offer of judgment"] offer of compromise signed by the
87 plaintiff or the plaintiff's attorney, directed to the defendant or the
88 defendant's attorney, offering to settle the claim underlying the action
89 [and to stipulate to a judgment] for a sum certain. The plaintiff shall
90 give notice of the offer of [settlement] compromise to the defendant's
91 attorney or, if the defendant is not represented by an attorney, to the
92 defendant himself or herself. Within [sixty] thirty days after being
93 notified of the filing of the ["offer of judgment"] offer of compromise
94 and prior to the rendering of a verdict by the jury or an award by the
95 court, the defendant or the defendant's attorney may file with the clerk
96 of the court a written ["acceptance of offer of judgment"] acceptance of
97 the offer of compromise agreeing to [a stipulation for judgment] settle
98 the underlying action for the sum certain as contained in the plaintiff's
99 ["offer of judgment"] offer of compromise. Upon such filing [,] and the
100 receipt by the plaintiff of such sum certain, the plaintiff shall file a
101 withdrawal of the action with the clerk and the clerk shall [enter
102 judgment immediately on the stipulation] record the withdrawal of the
103 action against the defendant accordingly. If the ["offer of judgment"]
104 offer of compromise is not accepted within [sixty] thirty days and prior
105 to the rendering of a verdict by the jury or an award by the court, the
106 ["offer of judgment"] offer of compromise shall be considered rejected
107 and not subject to acceptance unless refiled. Any such ["offer of
108 judgment"] offer of compromise and any ["acceptance of offer of
109 judgment"] acceptance of the offer of compromise shall be included by
110 the clerk in the record of the case.

111 (b) In the case of any action to recover damages resulting from
112 personal injury or wrongful death, whether in tort or in contract, in
113 which it is alleged that such injury or death resulted from the
114 negligence of a health care provider, an offer of compromise pursuant
115 to subsection (a) of this section shall state with specificity all damages
116 then known to the plaintiff or the plaintiff's attorney upon which the
117 action is based. Sixty days prior to filing such an offer, the plaintiff or
118 the plaintiff's attorney shall provide the defendant or the defendant's

119 attorney with an authorization to disclose medical records that meets
120 the privacy provisions of the Health Insurance Portability and
121 Accountability Act of 1996 (P.L. 104-191) (HIPAA), as amended from
122 time to time, or regulations adopted thereunder, and disclose any and
123 all expert witnesses who will testify as to the prevailing professional
124 standard of care. The plaintiff shall file with the court a certification
125 that the plaintiff has provided each defendant or such defendant's
126 attorney with all documentation supporting such damages.

127 [(b)] (c) After trial the court shall examine the record to determine
128 whether the plaintiff made an ["offer of judgment"] offer of
129 compromise which the defendant failed to accept. If the court
130 ascertains from the record that the plaintiff has recovered an amount
131 equal to or greater than the sum certain stated in the plaintiff's ["offer
132 of judgment"] offer of compromise, the court shall add to the amount
133 so recovered [twelve] eight per cent annual interest on said amount. [,
134 computed from the date such offer was filed in actions commenced
135 before October 1, 1981. In those actions commenced on or after October
136 1, 1981, the] The interest shall be computed from the date the
137 complaint in the civil action was filed with the court if the ["offer of
138 judgment"] offer of compromise was filed not later than eighteen
139 months from the filing of such complaint. If such offer was filed later
140 than eighteen months from the date of filing of the complaint, the
141 interest shall be computed from the date the ["offer of judgment"] offer
142 of compromise was filed. The court may award reasonable attorney's
143 fees in an amount not to exceed three hundred fifty dollars, and shall
144 render judgment accordingly. This section shall not be interpreted to
145 abrogate the contractual rights of any party concerning the recovery of
146 attorney's fees in accordance with the provisions of any written
147 contract between the parties to the action.

148 Sec. 4. Section 52-193 of the general statutes is repealed and the
149 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2005, and*
150 *applicable to actions accruing on or after said date*):

151 In any action on contract, or seeking the recovery of money

152 damages, whether or not other relief is sought, the defendant may, not
153 later than thirty days before trial, file with the clerk of the court a
154 written [notice] offer of compromise signed by the defendant or the
155 defendant's attorney, directed to the plaintiff or the plaintiff's attorney,
156 offering to [allow the plaintiff to take judgment for the sum named in
157 such notice] settle the claim underlying the action for a sum certain.

158 Sec. 5. Section 52-194 of the general statutes is repealed and the
159 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2005, and*
160 *applicable to actions accruing on or after said date*):

161 In any action, the plaintiff may, within ten days after being notified
162 by the defendant of the filing of an offer of [judgment] compromise,
163 file with the clerk of the court a written acceptance of the offer signed
164 by [himself or his] the plaintiff or the plaintiff's attorney agreeing to
165 settle the underlying action for the sum certain as contained in the
166 defendant's offer of compromise. Upon the filing of the written
167 acceptance [, the court shall render judgment against the defendant as
168 upon default for the sum so named and for the costs accrued at the
169 time of the defendant's giving the plaintiff notice of the offer] and
170 receipt by the plaintiff of such sum certain, the plaintiff shall file a
171 withdrawal of the action with the clerk of the court and the clerk shall
172 record the withdrawal of the action against the defendant accordingly.
173 No trial may be postponed because the period within which the
174 plaintiff may accept the offer has not expired, except at the discretion
175 of the court.

176 Sec. 6. Section 52-195 of the general statutes is repealed and the
177 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2005, and*
178 *applicable to actions accruing on or after said date*):

179 (a) If the plaintiff does not, within the time allowed for acceptance
180 of the offer of [judgment] compromise and before the commencement
181 of the trial, file [his] the plaintiff's notice of acceptance, the offer shall
182 be deemed to be withdrawn and shall not be given in evidence.

183 (b) Unless the plaintiff recovers more than the sum named in the

184 offer of [judgment] compromise, with interest from its date, [he] the
185 plaintiff shall recover no costs accruing after [he] the plaintiff received
186 notice of the filing of such offer, but shall pay the defendant's costs
187 accruing after [he] the plaintiff received notice. Such costs may include
188 reasonable attorney's fees in an amount not to exceed three hundred
189 fifty dollars.

190 (c) This section shall not be interpreted to abrogate the contractual
191 rights of any party concerning the recovery of attorney's fees in
192 accordance with the provisions of any written contract between the
193 parties to the action. The provisions of this section shall not apply to
194 cases in which nominal damages have been assessed upon a hearing
195 after a default or after a demurrer has been overruled.

196 Sec. 7. Section 38a-676 of the general statutes is repealed and the
197 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

198 (a) With respect to rates pertaining to commercial risk insurance,
199 and subject to the provisions of subsection (b) of this section with
200 respect to workers' compensation and employers' liability insurance
201 and professional liability insurance for physicians and surgeons,
202 hospitals, advance practice registered nurses and physician assistants,
203 on or before the effective date [thereof, every] of such rates, each
204 admitted insurer shall submit to the Insurance Commissioner for the
205 commissioner's information, except as to inland marine risks which by
206 general custom of the business are not written according to manual
207 rates or rating plans, [every] each manual of classifications, rules and
208 rates, and [every] each minimum, class rate, rating plan, rating
209 schedule and rating system and any modification of the foregoing
210 which it uses. Such submission by a licensed rating organization of
211 which an insurer is a member or subscriber shall be sufficient
212 compliance with this section for any insurer maintaining membership
213 or subscribership in such organization, to the extent that the insurer
214 uses the manuals, minimums, class rates, rating plans, rating
215 schedules, rating systems, policy or bond forms of such organization.
216 The information shall be open to public inspection after its submission.

217 (b) (1) Each filing [as] described in subsection (a) of this section for
218 workers' compensation or employers' liability insurance shall be on file
219 with the Insurance Commissioner for a waiting period of thirty days
220 before it becomes effective, which period may be extended by the
221 commissioner for an additional period not to exceed thirty days if the
222 commissioner gives written notice within such waiting period to the
223 insurer or rating organization which made the filing that the
224 commissioner needs such additional time for the consideration of such
225 filing. Upon written application by such insurer or rating organization,
226 the commissioner may authorize a filing which the commissioner has
227 reviewed to become effective before the expiration of the waiting
228 period or any extension thereof. A filing shall be deemed to meet the
229 requirements of sections 38a-663 to 38a-696, inclusive, unless
230 disapproved by the commissioner within the waiting period or any
231 extension thereof. If, within the waiting period or any extension
232 thereof, the commissioner finds that a filing does not meet the
233 requirements of said sections, the commissioner shall send to the
234 insurer or rating organization which made such filing written notice of
235 disapproval of such filing, specifying therein in what respects the
236 commissioner finds such filing fails to meet the requirements of said
237 sections and stating that such filing shall not become effective. Such
238 finding of the commissioner shall be subject to review as provided in
239 section 38a-19.

240 (2) (A) Each filing described in subsection (a) of this section for
241 professional liability insurance for physicians and surgeons, hospitals,
242 advanced practice registered nurses or physician assistants shall be
243 subject to prior rate approval in accordance with this section. On and
244 after the effective date of this section, each insurer or rating
245 organization seeking to increase its rates over the rates in the insurer's
246 previous filing for such insurance by five per cent shall (i) file a request
247 for such change with the Insurance Commissioner, and (ii) send
248 written notice of any request for an increase in rates to insureds who
249 would be subject to the increase. Such request shall be filed and such
250 notice, if applicable, shall be sent at least sixty days prior to the

251 proposed effective date of the increase. The notice to insureds of a
252 request for an increase in rates shall indicate that the insured may
253 request a public hearing by submitting a written request to the
254 Insurance Commissioner not later than fifteen days after the date of the
255 notice. Any request for an increase in rates under this subdivision shall
256 be filed after notice is sent to insureds and shall indicate the date such
257 notice was sent.

258 (B) The Insurance Commissioner shall review the filing and, with
259 respect to a request for an increase in rates, shall (i) not approve,
260 modify or deny the request until at least fifteen days after the date of
261 notice as indicated in the filing, and (ii) hold a public hearing, if
262 requested by insureds, on such increase prior to approving, modifying
263 or denying the request. The Insurance Commissioner shall approve,
264 modify or deny the filing not later than forty-five days after its receipt.
265 Such finding of the commissioner shall be subject to review as
266 provided in section 38a-19.

267 (c) The form of any insurance policy or contract the rates for which
268 are subject to the provisions of sections 38a-663 to 38a-696, inclusive,
269 other than fidelity, surety or guaranty bonds, and the form of any
270 endorsement modifying such insurance policy or contract, shall be
271 filed with the Insurance Commissioner prior to its issuance. The
272 commissioner shall adopt regulations, in accordance with the
273 provisions of chapter 54, establishing a procedure for review of such
274 policy or contract. If at any time the commissioner finds that any such
275 policy, contract or endorsement is not in accordance with such
276 provisions or any other provision of law, the commissioner shall issue
277 an order disapproving the issuance of such form and stating the
278 reasons for disapproval. The provisions of section 38a-19 shall apply to
279 any such order issued by the commissioner.

280 Sec. 8. Section 20-13b of the general statutes is repealed and the
281 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

282 The Commissioner of Public Health, with advice and assistance

283 from the board, [may establish such regulations in accordance with
284 chapter 54] shall establish guidelines as may be necessary to carry out
285 the provisions of sections 20-13a to 20-13i, inclusive, as amended by
286 this act. Not later than October 1, 2005, such guidelines shall include,
287 but need not be limited to: (1) Guidelines for screening complaints
288 received to determine which complaints will be investigated; (2)
289 guidelines to provide a basis for prioritizing the order in which
290 complaints will be investigated; (3) a system for conducting
291 investigations to ensure prompt action when it appears necessary; (4)
292 guidelines to determine when an investigation should be broadened
293 beyond the scope of the initial complaint to include sampling patient
294 records to identify patterns of care, reviewing office practices and
295 procedures, reviewing performance and discharge data from hospitals
296 and managed care organizations and conducting additional interviews
297 of patients; and (5) guidelines to protect and ensure the confidentiality
298 of patient and provider identifiable information when an investigation
299 is broadened beyond the scope of the initial complaint.

300 Sec. 9. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) Not later than October 1, 2005,
301 the Connecticut Medical Examining Board, with the assistance of the
302 Department of Public Health, shall adopt guidelines for use in the
303 disciplinary process. Such guidelines shall include, but need not be
304 limited to: (1) Identification of each type of violation; (2) a range of
305 penalties for each type of violation; (3) additional optional conditions
306 that may be imposed by the board for each violation; (4) identification
307 of factors the board shall consider in determining what penalty should
308 apply; (5) conditions, such as mitigating factors or other facts, that may
309 be considered in allowing deviations from the guidelines; and (6) a
310 provision that when a deviation from the guidelines occurs, the reason
311 for the deviation shall be identified.

312 Sec. 10. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) (a) Each health care facility
313 shall develop protocols for accurate identification procedures that shall
314 be used by hospitals and outpatient surgical facilities prior to surgery.
315 Such protocols shall include, but need not be limited to, (1) procedures
316 to be followed to identify the (A) patient, (B) surgical procedure to be

317 performed, and (C) body part on which the surgical procedure is to be
318 performed, and (2) alternative identification procedures in urgent or
319 emergency circumstances or where the patient is nonspeaking,
320 comatose or incompetent or is a child. After October 1, 2005, no
321 hospital or outpatient surgical facility may anesthetize a patient or
322 perform surgery unless the protocols have been followed. Each health
323 care facility shall make a copy of the protocols available to the
324 Commissioner of Public Health upon request.

325 (b) Not later than October 1, 2005, the Department of Public Health
326 shall report, in accordance with section 11-4a of the general statutes, to
327 the joint standing committee of the General Assembly having
328 cognizance of matters relating to public health describing the protocols
329 developed pursuant to subsection (a) of this section.

330 Sec. 11. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2005*) (a) Not earlier than October
331 1, 2008, the Insurance Commissioner shall review professional liability
332 insurance rates in this state for physicians and surgeons, hospitals,
333 advanced practice registered nurses and physicians assistants to
334 determine if such rates have decreased and whether such rates bear a
335 reasonable relationship to the costs of writing such insurance in this
336 state. In conducting the review, the commissioner shall examine the
337 rates for such insurance under policies issued by (1) captive insurers
338 and risk retention groups, to the extent such information is available to
339 the commissioner, and (2) insurers licensed in this state.

340 (b) If after such review the commissioner determines that such
341 insurance rates have not decreased and are not reasonably related to
342 the costs of writing such insurance, the commissioner shall convene a
343 working group, in accordance with subsection (c) of this section, to
344 recommend appropriate revisions, if any, to the general statutes in
345 order to decrease rates or establish reasonable rates. Such revisions
346 may include, but need not be limited to, reasonable limitations on
347 noneconomic damages awards, revisions to procedures used by
348 insurers to establish rates, and regulation of reimbursement rates paid
349 by health insurers and health care centers to health care providers in

350 this state.

351 (c) Any working group convened pursuant to subsection (b) of this
352 section shall consist of:

353 (1) The chairpersons and ranking members of (A) the joint standing
354 committees of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters
355 relating to the judiciary, public health and insurance, and (B) the
356 Legislative Program Review and Investigations Committee;

357 (2) One member appointed by the Connecticut Medical Society;

358 (3) One member appointed by the Connecticut Hospital Association;

359 (4) One member appointed by the Connecticut Bar Association;

360 (5) One member appointed by the Connecticut Trial Lawyers
361 Association;

362 (6) One representative of a patient advocacy group appointed by the
363 Insurance Commissioner;

364 (7) The Commissioner of the Office of Health Care Access, or a
365 designee; and

366 (8) The Insurance Commissioner.

367 Sec. 12. Section 38a-8 of the general statutes is amended by adding
368 subsection (g) as follows (*Effective from passage*):

369 (NEW) (g) Not later than October 1, 2005, the Insurance
370 Commissioner shall develop a plan to maintain a viable medical
371 malpractice insurance industry in this state for physicians and
372 surgeons, hospitals, advanced practice registered nurses and physician
373 assistants. Such plan shall be submitted to the Governor upon its
374 completion.

375 Sec. 13. Section 19a-88b of the general statutes is repealed and the
376 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2005*):

377 (a) (1) Notwithstanding section 19a-14 or any other provisions of the
378 general statutes relating to continuing education or refresher training,
379 the Department of Public Health shall renew a license, certificate,
380 permit or registration issued to an individual pursuant to chapters
381 368d, 368v, [370] 371 to 388, inclusive, 393a, 395, 398, 399, 400a and
382 400c [which] that becomes void pursuant to section 19a-88 or 19a-195b
383 while the holder [thereof] of the license, certificate, permit or
384 registration is on active duty in the armed forces of the United States,
385 [within] not later than six months from the date of discharge from
386 active duty, upon completion of any continuing education or refresher
387 training required to renew a license, certificate, registration or permit
388 [which] that has not become void pursuant to section 19a-88 or 19a-
389 195b. A licensee applying for license renewal pursuant to this section
390 shall submit an application on a form prescribed by the department
391 and other such documentation as may be required by the department.

392 (2) Notwithstanding section 19a-14 or any other provisions of the
393 general statutes relating to continuing education, the Department of
394 Public Health shall renew a license issued to an individual pursuant to
395 chapter 370 that becomes void pursuant to section 19a-88 while the
396 holder of the license is on active duty in the armed forces of the United
397 States, not later than one year from the date of discharge from active
398 duty, upon completion of twenty-five contact hours of continuing
399 education that meet the criteria set forth in subsection (b) of section 17
400 of this act. A licensee applying for license renewal pursuant to this
401 subdivision shall submit an application on a form prescribed by the
402 department and other such documentation as may be required by the
403 department.

404 (b) The provisions of this section [shall] do not apply to reservists or
405 National Guard members on active duty for annual training that is a
406 regularly scheduled obligation for reservists or members of the
407 National Guard for training [which] that is not a part of mobilization.

408 (c) No license shall be issued under this section to any applicant
409 against whom professional disciplinary action is pending or who is the

410 subject of an unresolved complaint.

411 Sec. 14. Section 20-13c of the general statutes is repealed and the
412 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2005*):

413 The board is authorized to restrict, suspend or revoke the license or
414 limit the right to practice of a physician or take any other action in
415 accordance with section 19a-17, for any of the following reasons: (1)
416 Physical illness or loss of motor skill, including, but not limited to,
417 deterioration through the aging process; (2) emotional disorder or
418 mental illness; (3) abuse or excessive use of drugs, including alcohol,
419 narcotics or chemicals; (4) illegal, incompetent or negligent conduct in
420 the practice of medicine; (5) possession, use, prescription for use, or
421 distribution of controlled substances or legend drugs, except for
422 therapeutic or other medically proper purposes; (6) misrepresentation
423 or concealment of a material fact in the obtaining or reinstatement of a
424 license to practice medicine; (7) failure to adequately supervise a
425 physician assistant; (8) failure to fulfill any obligation resulting from
426 participation in the National Health Service Corps; (9) failure to
427 maintain professional liability insurance or other indemnity against
428 liability for professional malpractice as provided in subsection (a) of
429 section 20-11b; (10) failure to provide information requested by the
430 department for purposes of completing a health care provider profile,
431 as required by section 20-13j, as amended by this act; (11) engaging in
432 any activity for which accreditation is required under section 19a-690
433 or 19a-691 without the appropriate accreditation required by section
434 19a-690 or 19a-691; (12) failure to provide evidence of accreditation
435 required under section 19a-690 or 19a-691 as requested by the
436 department pursuant to section 19a-690 or 19a-691; (13) failure to
437 comply with the continuing medical education requirements set forth
438 in section 17 of this act; or ~~[(13)]~~ (14) violation of any provision of this
439 chapter or any regulation established hereunder. In each case, the
440 board shall consider whether the physician poses a threat, in the
441 practice of medicine, to the health and safety of any person. If the
442 board finds that the physician poses such a threat, the board shall
443 include such finding in its final decision and act to suspend or revoke

444 the license of said physician.

445 Sec. 15. Subsection (b) of section 20-13j of the general statutes is
446 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*
447 *October 1, 2005*):

448 (b) The department, after consultation with the Connecticut Medical
449 Examining Board and the Connecticut State Medical Society shall
450 collect the following information to create an individual profile on
451 each physician for dissemination to the public:

452 (1) The name of the medical school attended by the physician and
453 the date of graduation;

454 (2) The site, training, discipline and inclusive dates of the
455 physician's postgraduate medical education required pursuant to the
456 applicable licensure section of the general statutes;

457 (3) The area of the physician's practice specialty;

458 (4) The address of the physician's primary practice location or
459 primary practice locations, if more than one;

460 (5) A list of languages, other than English, spoken at the physician's
461 primary practice locations;

462 (6) An indication of any disciplinary action taken against the
463 physician by the department, [or by] the state board or any
464 professional licensing or disciplinary body in another jurisdiction;

465 (7) Any current certifications issued to the physician by a specialty
466 board of the American Board of Medical Specialties;

467 (8) The hospitals and nursing homes at which the physician has
468 admitting privileges;

469 (9) Any appointments of the physician to Connecticut medical
470 school faculties and an indication as to whether the physician has
471 current responsibility for graduate medical education;

472 (10) A listing of the physician's publications in peer reviewed
473 literature;

474 (11) A listing of the physician's professional services, activities and
475 awards;

476 (12) Any hospital disciplinary actions against the physician that
477 resulted, within the past ten years, in the termination or revocation of
478 the physician's hospital privileges for a medical disciplinary cause or
479 reason, or the resignation from, or nonrenewal of, medical staff
480 membership or the restriction of privileges at a hospital taken in lieu of
481 or in settlement of a pending disciplinary case related to medical
482 competence in such hospital;

483 (13) A description of any criminal conviction of the physician for a
484 felony within the last ten years. For the purposes of this subdivision, a
485 physician shall be deemed to be convicted of a felony if the physician
486 pleaded guilty or was found or adjudged guilty by a court of
487 competent jurisdiction or has been convicted of a felony by the entry of
488 a plea of nolo contendere; [and]

489 (14) To the extent available, and consistent with the provisions of
490 subsection (c) of this section, all medical malpractice court judgments
491 and all medical malpractice arbitration awards against the physician in
492 which a payment was awarded to a complaining party during the last
493 ten years, and all settlements of medical malpractice claims against the
494 physician in which a payment was made to a complaining party
495 within the last ten years;

496 (15) An indication as to whether the physician has current
497 responsibility for providing direct patient care services; and

498 (16) The name of the physician's professional liability insurance
499 carrier.

500 Sec. 16. Subsection (k) of section 20-13j of the general statutes is
501 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*

502 October 1, 2005):

503 (k) A physician shall notify the department of any changes to the
504 information required in [subdivisions (3), (4), (5), (7), (8) and (13) of]
505 subsection (b) of this section, as amended by this act, not later than
506 sixty days after such change.

507 Sec. 17. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2005*) (a) As used in this section:

508 (1) "Active professional practice" includes, but is not limited to,
509 activities of a currently licensed physician who functions as the
510 medical director of a managed care organization or other organization;

511 (2) "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Public Health;

512 (3) "Contact hour" means a minimum of fifty minutes of continuing
513 education activity;

514 (4) "Department" means the Department of Public Health;

515 (5) "Licensee" means any person who receives a license from the
516 department pursuant to section 20-13 of the general statutes; and

517 (6) "Registration period" means the one-year period for which a
518 license has been renewed in accordance with section 19a-88 of the
519 general statutes and is current and valid.

520 (b) Except as otherwise provided in subsections (d), (e) and (f) of
521 this section, for registration periods beginning on and after October 1,
522 2007, the department shall not renew a license for any licensee
523 applying for license renewal pursuant to section 19a-88 of the general
524 statutes unless the licensee has earned a minimum of fifty contact
525 hours of continuing medical education within the preceding twenty-
526 four-month period. Such continuing medical education shall (1) be in
527 an area of the physician's practice specialty; (2) reflect the professional
528 needs of the licensee in order to meet the health care needs of the
529 public; and (3) include at least one contact hour of training or
530 education in infectious diseases, including, but not limited to, acquired

531 immune deficiency syndrome and human immunodeficiency virus,
532 and risk management, sexual assault and domestic violence. For
533 purposes of this section, qualifying continuing medical education
534 activities include, but are not limited to, courses offered or approved
535 by the American Medical Association, American Osteopathic Medical
536 Association, Connecticut Hospital Association or the Connecticut State
537 Medical Society, county medical societies or equivalent organizations
538 in another jurisdiction, educational offerings sponsored by a hospital
539 or other health care institution or courses offered by a regionally
540 accredited academic institution.

541 (c) Each licensee applying for license renewal pursuant to section
542 19a-88 of the general statutes shall sign a statement attesting that the
543 licensee has satisfied the continuing education requirements of
544 subsection (a) of this section on a form prescribed by the department.
545 Each licensee shall retain records of attendance or certificates of
546 completion that demonstrate compliance with the continuing
547 education requirements of subsection (a) of this section for a minimum
548 of three years following the year in which the continuing education
549 activities were completed and shall submit such records to the
550 department for inspection not later than forty-five days after a request
551 by the department for such records.

552 (d) A licensee applying for the first time for license renewal
553 pursuant to section 19a-88 of the general statutes is exempt from the
554 continuing medical education requirements of this section.

555 (e) (1) A licensee who is not engaged in active professional practice
556 in any form during a registration period shall be exempt from the
557 continuing medical education requirements of this section, provided
558 the licensee submits to the department, prior to the expiration of the
559 registration period, a notarized application for exemption on a form
560 prescribed by the department and such other documentation as may
561 be required by the department. The application for exemption
562 pursuant to this subdivision shall contain a statement that the licensee
563 may not engage in professional practice until the licensee has met the

564 requirements set forth in subdivision (2) or (3) of this subsection, as
565 appropriate.

566 (2) Any licensee who is exempt from the provisions of subsection (b)
567 of this section for less than two years shall be required to complete
568 twenty-five contact hours of continuing medical education that meets
569 the criteria set forth in subsection (b) of this section within the twelve-
570 month period immediately preceding the licensee's return to active
571 professional practice.

572 (3) Any licensee who is exempt from the requirements of subsection
573 (b) of this section for two or more years shall be required to
574 successfully complete the Special Purpose Examination of the
575 Federation of State Medical Boards prior to returning to active
576 professional practice.

577 (f) In individual cases involving medical disability or illness, the
578 commissioner may, in the commissioner's discretion, grant a waiver of
579 the continuing education requirements or an extension of time within
580 which to fulfill the continuing education requirements of this section to
581 any licensee, provided the licensee submits to the department an
582 application for waiver or extension of time on a form prescribed by the
583 department, along with a certification by a licensed physician of the
584 disability or illness and such other documentation as may be required
585 by the commissioner. The commissioner may grant a waiver or
586 extension for a period not to exceed one registration period, except that
587 the commissioner may grant additional waivers or extensions if the
588 medical disability or illness upon which a waiver or extension is
589 granted continues beyond the period of the waiver or extension and
590 the licensee applies for an additional waiver or extension.

591 (g) The department shall renew a license issued to any licensee that
592 becomes void pursuant to section 19a-88 of the general statutes,
593 provided the licensee (1) applies to the commissioner for
594 reinstatement, and (2) submits evidence documenting successful
595 completion of twenty-five contact hours of continuing education

596 within the one-year period immediately preceding application for
597 reinstatement.

598 Sec. 18. Section 38a-395 of the general statutes is repealed and the
599 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective January 1, 2006*):

600 [The Insurance Commissioner may require all insurance companies
601 writing medical malpractice insurance in this state to submit, in such
602 manner and at such times as he specifies, such information as he
603 deems necessary to establish a data base on medical malpractice,
604 including information on all incidents of medical malpractice, all
605 settlements, all awards, other information relative to procedures and
606 specialties involved and any other information relating to risk
607 management.]

608 (a) As used in this section:

609 (1) "Claim" means a request for indemnification filed by a physician,
610 surgeon, hospital, advanced practice registered nurse or physician
611 assistant pursuant to a professional liability policy for a loss for which
612 a reserve amount has been established by an insurer;

613 (2) "Closed claim" means a claim that has been settled, or otherwise
614 disposed of, where the insurer has made all indemnity and expense
615 payments on the claim; and

616 (3) "Insurer" means an insurer that insures a physician, surgeon,
617 hospital, advanced practice registered nurse or physician assistant
618 against professional liability. "Insurer" includes, but is not limited to, a
619 captive insurer or a self-insured person.

620 (b) On and after January 1, 2006, each insurer shall provide to the
621 Insurance Commissioner a closed claim report, on such form as the
622 commissioner prescribes, in accordance with this section. The insurer
623 shall submit the report not later than ten days after the last day of the
624 calendar quarter in which a claim is closed. The report shall only
625 include information about claims settled under the laws of this state.

626 (c) The closed claim report shall include:

627 (1) Details about the insured and insurer, including: (A) The name
628 of the insurer; (B) the professional liability insurance policy limits and
629 whether the policy was an occurrence policy or was issued on a claims-
630 made basis; (C) the name, address, health care provider professional
631 license number and specialty coverage of the insured; and (D) the
632 insured's policy number and a unique claim number.

633 (2) Details about the injury or loss, including: (A) The date of the
634 injury or loss that was the basis of the claim; (B) the date the injury or
635 loss was reported to the insurer; (C) the name of the institution or
636 location at which the injury or loss occurred; (D) the type of injury or
637 loss, including a severity of injury rating that corresponds with the
638 severity of injury scale that the Insurance Commissioner shall establish
639 based on the severity of injury scale developed by the National
640 Association of Insurance Commissioners; and (E) the name, age and
641 gender of any injured person covered by the claim. Any individually
642 identifiable health information, as defined in 45 CFR 160.103, as from
643 time to time amended, submitted pursuant to this subdivision shall be
644 confidential. The reporting of the information is required by law. If
645 necessary to comply with federal privacy laws, including the Health
646 Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, (P.L. 104-191)
647 (HIPAA), as from time to time amended, the insured shall arrange
648 with the insurer to release the required information.

649 (3) Details about the claims process, including: (A) Whether a
650 lawsuit was filed, and if so, in which court; (B) the outcome of such
651 lawsuit; (C) the number of other defendants, if any; (D) the stage in the
652 process when the claim was closed; (E) the dates of the trial, if any; (F)
653 the date of the judgment or settlement, if any; (G) whether an appeal
654 was filed, and if so, the date filed; (H) the resolution of any appeal and
655 the date such appeal was decided; (I) the date the claim was closed; (J)
656 the initial indemnity and expense reserve for the claim; and (K) the
657 final indemnity and expense reserve for the claim.

658 (4) Details about the amount paid on the claim, including: (A) The
659 total amount of the initial judgment rendered by a jury or awarded by
660 the court; (B) the total amount of the settlement if there was no
661 judgment rendered or awarded; (C) the total amount of the settlement
662 if the claim was settled after judgment was rendered or awarded; (D)
663 the amount of economic damages, as defined in section 52-572h, or the
664 insurer's estimate of the amount in the event of a settlement; (E) the
665 amount of noneconomic damages, as defined in section 52-572h, or the
666 insurer's estimate of the amount in the event of a settlement; (F) the
667 amount of any interest awarded due to failure to accept an offer of
668 judgment; (G) the amount of any remittitur or additur; (H) the amount
669 of final judgment after remittitur or additur; (I) the amount paid by the
670 insurer; (J) the amount paid by the defendant due to a deductible or a
671 judgment or settlement in excess of policy limits; (K) the amount paid
672 by other insurers; (L) the amount paid by other defendants; (M)
673 whether a structured settlement was used; (N) the expense assigned to
674 and recorded with the claim, including, but not limited to, defense and
675 investigation costs, but not including the actual claim payment; and
676 (O) any other information the commissioner determines to be
677 necessary to regulate the professional liability insurance industry with
678 respect to physicians, surgeons, hospitals, advanced practice registered
679 nurses or physician assistants, ensure the industry's solvency and
680 ensure that such liability insurance is available and affordable.

681 (d) (1) The commissioner shall, within available appropriations,
682 establish an electronic database composed of closed claim reports filed
683 pursuant to this section.

684 (2) The commissioner shall, within available appropriations,
685 compile the data included in individual closed claim reports into an
686 aggregated summary format and shall prepare a written annual report
687 of the summary data. The report shall provide an analysis of closed
688 claim information including a minimum of five years of comparative
689 data, when available, trends in frequency and severity of claims,
690 itemization of damages, timeliness of the claims process, and any other
691 descriptive or analytical information that would assist in interpreting

692 the trends in closed claims.

693 (3) The annual report shall include a summary of rate filings for
694 professional liability insurance for physicians, surgeons, hospitals,
695 advanced practice registered nurses and physician assistants, which
696 have been approved by the department for the prior calendar year,
697 including an analysis of the trend of direct losses, incurred losses,
698 earned premiums and investment income as compared to prior years.
699 The report shall include base premiums charged by insurers for each
700 specialty and the number of providers insured by specialty for each
701 insurer.

702 (4) Not later than March 15, 2007, and annually thereafter, the
703 commissioner shall submit the annual report to the joint standing
704 committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters
705 relating to insurance in accordance with section 11-4a. The
706 commissioner shall also (A) make the report available to the public, (B)
707 post the report on its Internet site, and (C) provide public access to the
708 contents of the electronic database after the commissioner establishes
709 that the names and other individually identifiable information about
710 the claimant and practitioner have been removed.

711 (e) The Insurance Commissioner shall, within available
712 appropriations, provide the Commissioner of Public Health with
713 electronic access to all information received pursuant to this section.
714 The Commissioner of Public Health shall maintain the confidentiality
715 of such information in the same manner and to the same extent as
716 required for the Insurance Commissioner.

717 Sec. 19. Section 38a-25 of the general statutes is repealed and the
718 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

719 (a) The Insurance Commissioner is the agent for receipt of service of
720 legal process on the following:

721 (1) Foreign and alien insurance companies authorized to do
722 business in this state in any proceeding arising from or related to any

723 transaction having a connection with this state.

724 (2) Fraternal benefit societies authorized to do business in this state.

725 (3) Insurance-support organizations as defined in section 38a-976,
726 transacting business outside this state which affects a resident of this
727 state.

728 (4) Risk retention groups, [designating the Insurance Commissioner
729 as agent for receipt of service of process pursuant to section 38a-252] as
730 defined in section 38a-250.

731 (5) Purchasing groups designating the Insurance Commissioner as
732 agent for receipt of service of process pursuant to section 38a-261.

733 (6) Eligible surplus lines insurers authorized by the commissioner to
734 accept surplus lines insurance.

735 (7) Except as provided by section 38a-273, unauthorized insurers or
736 other persons assisting unauthorized insurers who directly or
737 indirectly do any of the acts of insurance business as set forth in
738 subsection (a) of section 38a-271.

739 (8) The Connecticut Insurance Guaranty Association and the
740 Connecticut Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association.

741 (9) Insurance companies designating the Insurance Commissioner
742 as agent for receipt of service of process pursuant to subsection (g) of
743 section 38a-85.

744 (10) Nonresident insurance producers and nonresident surplus lines
745 brokers licensed by the Insurance Commissioner.

746 (11) Viatical settlement providers, viatical settlement brokers, and
747 viatical settlement investment agents licensed by the commissioner.

748 (12) Nonresident reinsurance intermediaries designating the
749 commissioner as agent for receipt of service of process pursuant to

750 section 38a-760b.

751 (13) Workers' compensation self-insurance groups, as defined in
752 section 38a-1001.

753 (14) Persons alleged to have violated any provision of section 38a-
754 130.

755 (15) Captive insurers, as defined in section 20 of this act.

756 (b) Each foreign and alien insurer by applying for and receiving a
757 license to do insurance business in this state, each fraternal benefit
758 society by applying for and receiving a certificate to solicit members
759 and do business, each surplus lines insurer declared to be an eligible
760 surplus lines insurer by the commissioner, each insurance-support
761 organization transacting business outside this state which affects a
762 resident of this state, and each unauthorized insurer by doing an act of
763 insurance business prohibited by section 38a-272, is considered to have
764 irrevocably appointed the Insurance Commissioner as [his] agent for
765 receipt of service of process in accordance with subsection (a) of this
766 section. Such appointment shall continue in force so long as any
767 certificate of membership, policy or liability remains outstanding in
768 this state.

769 (c) The commissioner is also agent for the executors, administrators
770 or personal representatives, receivers, trustees or other successors in
771 interest of the persons specified under subsection (a) of this section.

772 (d) Any legal process that is served on the commissioner pursuant
773 to this section shall be of the same legal force and validity as if served
774 on the principal.

775 (e) The right to effect service of process as provided under this
776 section does not limit the right to serve legal process in any other
777 manner provided by law.

778 Sec. 20. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2005*) Each captive insurer that
779 offers, renews or continues insurance in this state shall provide the

780 information described in subdivisions (1) to (3), inclusive, of
781 subsection (a) of section 38a-253 of the general statutes to the Insurance
782 Commissioner in the same manner required for risk retention groups.
783 If a captive insurer does not maintain information in the form
784 prescribed in section 38a-253 of the general statutes, the captive insurer
785 may submit the information to the Insurance Commissioner on such
786 form as the commissioner prescribes. As used in this section and
787 section 38a-25 of the general statutes, as amended by this act, "captive
788 insurer" means an insurance company owned by another organization
789 whose primary purpose is to insure risks of a parent organization or
790 affiliated persons, as defined in section 38a-1 of the general statutes, or
791 in the case of groups and associations, an insurance organization
792 owned by the insureds whose primary purpose is to insure risks of
793 member organizations and group members and their affiliates.

794 Sec. 21. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) Not later than six months after
795 the filing of an action to recover damages resulting from personal
796 injury or wrongful death, whether in tort or in contract, in which it is
797 alleged that such injury or death resulted from the negligence of a
798 health care provider, the court shall schedule a conference of the
799 parties at which the court shall determine whether to recommend to
800 the Chief Court Administrator, or the Chief Court Administrator's
801 designee, that the action be designated as a complex litigation case and
802 be transferred to the complex litigation docket. Nothing in this section
803 shall be construed to preclude any party or a judge from, at any time,
804 requesting the Chief Court Administrator, or the Chief Court
805 Administrator's designee, to designate such action as a complex
806 litigation case and transfer such action to the complex litigation docket.

807 Sec. 22. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) (a) For the purposes of this
808 section:

809 (1) "Health care provider" means a provider, as defined in
810 subsection (b) of section 20-7b of the general statutes, or an institution,
811 as defined in section 19a-490 of the general statutes;

(2) "Relative" means a victim's spouse, parent, grandparent, stepfather, stepmother, child, grandchild, brother, sister, half brother, half sister or spouse's parents, and includes such relationships that are created as a result of adoption and any person who has a family-type relationship with a victim;

(3) "Representative" means a legal guardian, attorney, health care agent or any person recognized in law or custom as a patient's agent; and

(4) "Unanticipated outcome" means the outcome of a medical treatment or procedure that differs from an expected result.

(b) In any civil action brought by an alleged victim of an unanticipated outcome of medical care, or in any arbitration proceeding related to such civil action, any and all statements, affirmations, gestures or conduct expressing apology, fault, sympathy, commiseration, condolence, compassion or a general sense of benevolence that are made by a health care provider or an employee of a health care provider to the alleged victim, a relative of the alleged victim or a representative of the alleged victim and that relate to the discomfort, pain, suffering, injury or death of the alleged victim as a result of the unanticipated outcome of medical care shall be inadmissible as evidence of an admission of liability or as evidence of an admission against interest.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	<i>October 1, 2005, and applicable to actions filed on or after said date</i>	52-190a
Sec. 2	<i>October 1, 2005, and applicable to actions accruing on or after said date</i>	New section

Sec. 3	<i>October 1, 2005, and applicable to actions accruing on or after said date</i>	52-192a
Sec. 4	<i>October 1, 2005, and applicable to actions accruing on or after said date</i>	52-193
Sec. 5	<i>October 1, 2005, and applicable to actions accruing on or after said date</i>	52-194
Sec. 6	<i>October 1, 2005, and applicable to actions accruing on or after said date</i>	52-195
Sec. 7	<i>from passage</i>	38a-676
Sec. 8	<i>from passage</i>	20-13b
Sec. 9	<i>from passage</i>	New section
Sec. 10	<i>from passage</i>	New section
Sec. 11	<i>October 1, 2005</i>	New section
Sec. 12	<i>from passage</i>	38a-8
Sec. 13	<i>October 1, 2005</i>	19a-88b
Sec. 14	<i>October 1, 2005</i>	20-13c
Sec. 15	<i>October 1, 2005</i>	20-13j(b)
Sec. 16	<i>October 1, 2005</i>	20-13j(k)
Sec. 17	<i>October 1, 2005</i>	New section
Sec. 18	<i>January 1, 2006</i>	38a-395
Sec. 19	<i>from passage</i>	38a-25
Sec. 20	<i>July 1, 2005</i>	New section
Sec. 21	<i>from passage</i>	New section
Sec. 22	<i>from passage</i>	New section

JUD **Joint Favorable Subst.**